



# राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश

## हिमाचल प्रदेश राज्य शासन द्वारा प्रकाशित

मंगलवार, 01 नवम्बर, 2022 / 10 कार्तिक, 1944

हिमाचल प्रदेश सरकार

OFFICE OF THE NAGAR PANCHAYAT CHOWARI  
DOOR-TO-DOOR GARBAGE COLLECTION & DISPOSAL  
BYE-LAWS 2018

NOTIFICATION

*Chowari, the 12th October, 2022*

**No. 1247 NPC/2022 Resolution No.-214 dated 04-10-2022.**—The following Bye-laws made by Nagar Panchayat Chowari, for regulating **The Door-to-Door Garbage Collection &**

**Disposal—2018** in exercise of the powers conferred by section 202 and 217 of the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994 (Act No. 12 of 1994) read with rule 15 (zf) of the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 having been confirmed by State enforcement, as required under section 217 of the aforesaid Acts are here by published for general information, namely:—

## **BYE-LAWS TO REGULATE DOOR-TO-DOOR GARBAGE COLLECTION & DISPOSAL OF NAGAR PANCHAYAT, CHOWARI**

Notice is hereby given that the said draft rules shall be taken into consideration after the expiry of a period of 7 days from the date on which the copies of the official gazette in which this notification is published are made available to the public.

Objections and suggestions, if any, may be addressed to the secretary, Nagar Panchayat Chowari Distt. Chamba, Himachal Pradesh or by e-mail at [np.chowari@gmail.com](mailto:np.chowari@gmail.com).

The objections and suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to said draft Rules before the expiry of the period specified above, will be considered by the Municipality.

### **Chapter-1—General**

**1. Short title and commencement.**—(a) These Bye-laws may be called **The Door-to-Door Garbage Collection and Disposal Bye-laws—2018 of Nagar Panchayat, Chowari** for municipal solid waste management & disposal.

(b) These bye-laws shall come into force on the date of their adoption and publication in the Rajpatra e-gazette of Himachal Pradesh Government.

(c) This shall apply to Chowari Municipal Area

**2. Definitions.**—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires;—

(A) **"act"** means the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994.

(B) **"bulk waste generator"** means and includes buildings occupied by the Central government departments or undertakings, State government departments or Undertakings, local bodies, public sector undertakings or private companies, hospitals, nursing homes, schools, colleges, universities, other educational institutions, hostels, hotels, commercial establishments, markets, places of worship, stadia and sports complexes having an average waste generation rate exceeding 100kg per day.

(C) **"bye-laws"** means regulatory framework notified by local body, census town and notified area townships for facilitating the implementation of these rules effectively in their jurisdiction.

(D) **"composting"** means a controlled process involving microbial decomposition of organic matter.

(E) **"disposal"** means the final and safe disposal of post processed residual solid waste and inert street sweepings and silt from surface drains on land as specified in Schedule I to prevent contamination of ground water, surface water, ambient air and attraction of animals or birds.

- (F) **“domestic hazardous waste”** means discarded paint drums, pesticide cans, CFL bulbs, tube lights, expired medicines, broken mercury thermometers, used batteries, used needles and syringes and contaminated gauge, etc., generated at the household level.
- (G) **“door-to-door garbage collection”** means collection of solid waste from the door step of households, shops, commercial establishments, offices, institutional or any other non-residential premises and includes collection of such waste from entry gate or a designated location on the ground floor in a housing society, multi storied building or apartments, large residential, commercial or institutional complex or premises.
- (H) **“dry waste”** means waste other than bio-degradable waste and inert street sweepings and includes recyclable and non-recyclable waste, combustible waste and sanitary napkin and diapers, etc.
- (I) **“dump sites”** means a land utilised by local body for disposal of solid waste without following the principles of sanitary land filling.
- (J) **“fine/penalty”** means penalty imposed on waste generators or operators of waste processing and disposal facilities under the bye-laws for non-compliance of the directions contained in these or bye-laws.
- (K) **“municipality”** means the Nagar Panchayat Chowari of Himachal Pradesh
- (L) **“non-biodegradable waste”** means any waste that cannot be degraded by microorganisms into simpler stable compounds.
- (M) **“sanitary land filling ”** means the final and safe disposal of residual solid waste and inert wastes on land in a facility designed with protective measures against pollution of ground water, surface water and fugitive air dust, wind-blown litter, bad odour, fire hazard, animal menace, bird menace, pests or rodents, greenhouse gas emissions, persistent organic pollutants slope instability and erosion.
- (N) **“sanitary waste”** means wastes comprising of used diapers, sanitary towels or napkins, tampons, condoms, incontinence sheets and any other similar waste.
- (O) **“schedule”** means the schedule indicating the rate in respect of sign boards
- (P) **“secondary storage”** means the temporary containment of solid waste after collection at secondary waste storage depots or MRFs or bins for onward transportation of the waste to the processing or disposal facility.
- (Q) **“segregation”** means sorting and separate storage of various components of solid waste namely biodegradable wastes including agriculture and dairy waste, non biodegradable wastes including recyclable waste, non recyclable combustible waste, sanitary waste and non-recyclable inert waste, domestic hazardous wastes, and construction and demolition wastes.
- (R) **“service provider”** means an authority providing public utility services like water, sewerage, electricity, telephone, roads, drainage, etc.
- (S) **“user fee/charge”** means a fee imposed by the local body and any entity mentioned in rule on the waste generator to cover full or part cost of providing solid waste collection, transportation, processing and disposal services.

- (T) **“waste picker/Collector”** means a person or groups of persons informally engaged in collection and recovery of re-usable and recyclable solid waste from the source of waste generation the streets, bins, material recovery facilities, processing and waste disposal facilities for sale to recyclers directly or through intermediaries to earn their livelihood. Words and expressions used herein but not defined, but defined in the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Cess Act, 1977 and the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994 and Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 shall have the same meaning as assigned to them in the respective Acts and Rules.

## CHAPTER-II—MANAGEMENT OF MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE

**3. Municipal Solid Waste Management.**—The Nagar Panchayat Chowari shall establish an integrated Solid Waste Management (SWM) system with an aim to reduce the amount of waste being disposed, while maximizing resources recovery and efficiency. The preferred waste management system shall focus on the following points, namely:—

- (i) **Reduction and reuse at source.**—The most preferred option for Solid Waste Management shall be prevention of waste generation. It will be helpful in reducing the handling, treatment, and disposal costs and specially reduce various environmental impacts such as leachate, air emissions and generation of greenhouse gases.
- (ii) **Waste recycling.**—Recovery of recyclable material resources through a process of segregation, collection and re-processing to create new products shall be the next preferred alternative.
- (iii) **Composting.**—As far as possible the organic fraction of waste shall be composted and used to improve soil health and agricultural production adhering to norms.
- (iv) **Waste-to-Energy.**—Where material recovery from waste is not possible, energy recovery from waste through production of heat, electricity or fuel may be preferred. Bio-methanation, waste incineration, production of Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF) and co-processing of the sorted dry rejects from municipal solid waste are to be commonly adopted “Waste to Energy” technologies.
- (v) **Waste disposal.**—Remaining residual waste, which ideally comprises of inert, shall be disposed in sanitary landfills constructed in accordance with stipulations of the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016.
- (vi) The Integrated Solid Waste Management system shall be environment friendly. Waste minimization, waste recycling, waste-to-energy strategies and landfill gas capture and use which are promoted in the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016 shall be adopted for reduction of greenhouse gases.

## CHAPTER-III—MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE COLLECTION & TRANSPORTATION

**4. Segregation & Primary Storage of Municipal Solid Waste.**—(a) It will be prime responsibility of every waste generator/citizen to segregate the waste generated by them in three separate streams namely bio-degradable, non biodegradable and domestic hazardous wastes in suitable covered bins and handover segregated wastes to authorized waste pickers or waste

collectors designated by ULBs or Agency Hired by ULBs once a day or at the frequency as decided by respective local body on the timing fixed by the service provider. Every citizen has to pay a fixed monthly rental for the services of door-to- door garbage collection.

(b) Waste generators shall be encouraged to segregate waste and store at source in three separate colour bins *i.e.* **green—for biodegradable waste, blue—for non biodegradable, red—for domestic hazardous waste.**

(c) All institutions with more than 5,000 sqm. area shall, within one year from the date of notification of these bye-laws and in partnership with the nagar panchayat ensure segregation of waste at source by the generators, facilitate collection of segregated waste in separate streams, handover recyclable material to either the authorised waste pickers or the authorized recyclers. The bio-degradable waste shall be processed, treated and disposed off through composting or bio-methanation within the premises as far as possible. The residual waste shall be given to the waste collectors or agency as directed by the Nagar Panchayat Chowari.

(d) No person shall organize an event or gathering of more than one hundred persons at any unlicensed place without intimating the Municipal Council, at least three working days in advance and such person or the organizer of such event shall ensure segregation of waste at source and handing over of segregated waste to waste collector or agency as specified by the Nagar Panchayat Chowari.

(e) Used sanitary waste are to be securely wrapped as and when generated in the pouches provided by the manufacturers or brand owners of these products or in a newspaper or suitable biodegradable wrapping material and place the same in the bin meant for non-biodegradable waste or dry waste.

(f) Every street vendor shall keep suitable containers for storage of waste generated during the course of his activity such as food waste, disposable plates, cups, cans, wrappers, coconut shells, leftover food, vegetables, fruits, etc., and shall deposit such waste at waste storage depot or container or vehicle as notified by the Municipality.

(g) Store separately construction and demolition waste, as and when generated, in his own premises and shall dispose off as per the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016.

(h) Bulk waste generators of garden and horticulture waste like park, stadium etc. shall store separately in their premises and dispose of the same as may be prescribed by the Nagar Panchayat Chowari from time to time.

(i) No untreated bio-medical waste, e-waste, hazardous chemicals and industrial waste shall be mixed with municipal solid waste and such waste shall follow the rules specifically separately specified for the purpose.

(j) Every waste generator has to ensure that there is no practice of burning or burying the solid waste generated by him, throwing on streets/open public spaces outside his premises or in the drain or water bodies.

(k) Littering of waste on streets/open space/water bodies/drain shall be fined on the spot. On iterative they will be punishable and can subject to court as per rule.

(l) Time to time awareness generation campaigns should be organized to motivate people. RWA (Resident Welfare Association), Local NGOs, representative of public association and elected local member should be involved in the programme to motivate citizen.

**5. Primary Collection of Municipal Solid Waste.**—(a) Each and every house in the city/town should approached for the primary collection of waste by means of wheel barrow, push cart, tricycle, small auto tipper depending on the size of road available.

(b) Nagar Panchayat Chowari have to arrange for daily door-to-door collection of segregated solid waste from all households including slums and informal settlements, commercial, institutional and other non-residential premises. From multi-storage buildings, large commercial complexes, malls, housing complexes, etc., this may be collected from the entry gate or any other designated location.

(c) Nagar Panchayat Chowari have to establish a system to recognize organisations of waste pickers or informal waste collectors and promote and establish a system for integration of these authorised waste-pickers and waste collectors to facilitate their participation in solid waste management including door-to-door collection of waste.

(d) Nagar Panchayat Chowari have to facilitate formation of Self Help Groups, provide identity cards and thereafter encourage integration of informal waste pickers in solid waste management including door-to-door collection of waste.

(e) Nagar Panchayat Chowari have to collect separately waste from sweeping of streets, lanes and by-lanes daily, or on alternate days or twice a week depending on the density of population, commercial activity and local situation.

(f) Nagar Panchayat Chowari have to collect horticulture, parks and garden waste separately and process in the parks and gardens, as far as possible.

(g) Time for the door-to-door collection services will have to fix by the concern ULBs. Generally timing should be between 6.00 A.M. to 9.00 A.M. For proper waste collection vehicle such as tricycle, auto tipper used for door-to-door garbage collection should be equipped with Alarm with audible decibel fixed as per the rules and timing should be strictly followed by the sanitation workers.

(h) For door-to-door garbage collection from commercial complex, offices and secondary bins timing should be between 9-00 A.M. to 11-00 A.M.

(i) For proper solid waste management & grievance redress Nagar Panchayat Chowari should set up small office/centre in each ward of their boundaries.

(j) Under door-to-door services user charge for collection should be formulated on the following criteria.

Sl.No	Category of User	User charges on monthly basis (INR)
1.	Household	50
2.	Commercial Complex (Dhabba, sweet shop, coffee houses, provisional stores)	120 for small complexes 150 for big complexes
3.	Pan Shop	60
4.	Tea Shop	100
5.	Shops (Daily needs, cloths)	100
6.	Vegetables & fruits shops (Wholesale)	150
7.	Vegetables & fruits shops (Retails)	100
8.	Sweet /snacks shop (Big)	100
9.	Offices (2 rooms including govt. and private)	100

10.	Offices (3-5 rooms including govt. and private)	200
11.	Offices (6-10 rooms including govt. and private)	300
12.	Offices (11-20 rooms including govt. and private)	500
13.	Offices (more than 20 rooms including govt. and private)	700 for 20 rooms + 100 per additional room
14.	Bank Bank Floor Area > 1000 sq. feet	300
15.	Govt. Schools	120
16.	Private Schools upto 100 students on producing student's enrolment certificate	300
17.	Private Schools (more than 100 students)	500
18.	Bakeries (small)	200
19.	Bakeries (manufacturing units)	400
20.	PG Hostel/Guest House (upto 10 rooms)	300
21.	PG Hostel/Guest House (11-20 rooms)	500
22.	PG Hostel/Guest House (21-30 rooms)	700
23.	PG Hostel/Guest House (more than 30 rooms)	900+ 200 per additional room
24.	Dharamshala	300
25.	Factories (Manufacturing unit) other than notified in any other category	600
26.	Workshop (Tyre puncture shop)	100
27.	Workshop (repair shop)	120
28.	Workshop (repair + spare parts shop)	200
29.	Workshop (vehicle showroom, repair + spare parts)	250
30.	Workshop (those not touching any NH or SH)	200
31.	Restaurants	450
32.	Restaurants + Bar	600
33.	Cinema Hall (Theatre, multiples)	1000
34.	Govt. College	400
35.	Private College	500
36.	Hospital/Nursing Home (upto 50 beds including govt. and private)	500
37.	Hospital/Nursing Home (51-100 beds including govt. and private)	1000
38.	Hospital/Nursing Home (more than 100 beds including govt. and private)	1200 + 250 per additional room
39.	Clinics	100
40.	Clinics with medicines shops	120
41.	Chemist shop	100
42.	Laboratory	100
43.	Banquet Hall/Hotel	450 & 500 per trip on demand
44.	Special Hotels more than 50 rooms	1000 & 1000 per trip on demand
45.	Vehicle on demand for dumper	3000 & 1000 per trip on demand
46.	Big Malls	2000 per trip
47.	Meat Shops (other than subscribed with chicken waste collection vehicle)	200

48.	Confectionary + Veg. Shop	100
49.	Scrap Dealers	200
50.	Street Vendor	50
51.	Cow Dung from cattle at households	200
52.	Tailoring, cutting and beauty parlour shops	120
53.	Mobile shops	100
54.	Electronics shops	150
55.	Hardware shops	200
56.	Kariyana shops	100 for small shops 150 for big shops
57.	Book stores	100
58.	Fast food shops	120
59.	Goldsmith	100
60.	Ahata	200
61.	Wine shops	200
62.	Any other establishment(s) not mentioned above	To be decided by ULB

**Note.**—User charge as prescribed above can be revised by the ULB time to time keeping in view the polluter pay principal to meet the operation and maintenance cost of the services under Solid waste management.

(k) User charge mentioned above for door-to-door services needs to be collected from each and every household & other establishment of all the wards in the municipal boundaries of the ULBs. Users charge decided above, contact person's name & number needs to be conveyed to general public through different media such as display on the vehicles used for these services, hoardings, pamphlets etc. Also, awareness generation campaigns need to be organized.

(l) No manual loading or unloading of waste in compactor should be practiced with open hand or without safety measure as per the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016.

**6. Secondary Storage of Municipal Solid Waste.**—Municipality by their own or with help of Agency hired needs to develop storage bins/ secondary storage points for the collection of waste generated in the town, they will also be responsible to monitor the condition of these bins so that no filthy or unhygienic condition develops around. While establishing or monitoring secondary storage bins following precaution needs to be taken care.

(a) Storage/Secondary storage bins should be designed and develop on the basis of the quantity of waste generated, density of population in the notified municipal boundaries. Minimum distance between two bins should be 500 meters and within radius of 1 Km. maximum numbers of bins should limited upto 5. Established bins must be covered with movable lid and must approachable/connected with metallic or non-metallic road.

(b) Bins provided by Nagar Panchayat or any hired agency should be designed in such a manner so that waste disposed in does not get scattered in open atmosphere and it should be artistic in nature so that it motivates people to dispose their waste in the bins not in open.

(c) Bins placed at designated place by Nagar Panchayat or any hired agency should motivate people to practice waste segregation and it should be placed as per Solid Waste Management Rule, 2016 having colour coding for different types of waste.

® **Green.**—Biodegradable waste (Food Waste, garden waste)

® **Blue.**—Non-Biodegradable waste

® **Red.**—Hazardous or toxics waste



(d) Well-designed Vehicle like auto Tipper/Compactor should be used for the purpose of transportation of waste and evacuating the bins.

(e) All the co-operative society, residential welfare association/society, institutional organisation will be responsible to place suitable quantity of bins approved by the nagar panchayat on the fixed place in their compound so that waste generated from there can be stored properly and collected from time to time by the municipal vehicle. User charge for these services fixed by the ULBs should be collected by the authorised person of local body.

(f) It will be prime responsibility of all the waste generators/citizens to store and sell/handover the recyclable waste to the Ragpickers/ Kabadiwala or person/organisation designated by the Municipal Council. They have to ensure that no such waste is being disposed on the road/drain/secondary storage bins/open space.

(g) Door-to-door garbage collection, secondary storage bins, collection & transportation, processing of waste and disposal of waste in sanitary land fill site, all these services will be provided by Municipal or any hired agency. ULBs will charge user fee for all these services and violator will be fined on the spot or punished and can be subjected to court as per rule.

(h) Waste from the slaughter house, fish market, fruit & vegetable market is biodegradable in nature, so proper storage facility should be designed so that no health hazard spreads from this & facility for composting should be developed to make use of such waste in generating organic manure from it. For ensuring proper disposal of such waste every generator have to ensure best storage facility and segregation of such waste at source and door-to-door collection should be practiced by ULBs to collect 100% of such waste and take to processing plant. On violation, waste generator should be fined on the spot or punished and can be subjected to court as per rule.

(i) Nagar Panchayat Chowari have to establish waste deposition centres for domestic hazardous waste and give direction for waste generators to deposit domestic hazardous wastes at this centre for its safe disposal. Such facility shall be established in a city or town in a manner that one centre is set up for the area of twenty square kilometres or part thereof and notify the timings of receiving domestic hazardous waste at such centres.

(j) Bio medical & industrial waste should not be mixed with municipal waste and such waste should be stored and disposed separately as per the rules applicable. For the disposal of bio-medical waste common bio-medical waste treatment facility (CBMWTF) should be developed in each ULB either separately or on the cluster basis. By paying the fixed user fee such waste can be easily disposed off.

(k) Construction and demolition waste should be stored separately as and when generated, in his/her own premises and shall be disposed off as per the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016. ULBs should fix user charge for transportation and disposal of C&D waste and generator should dispose this waste by paying the charge as per the rules and at the designated place. Disposing of such waste in open space, road side, common place will be treated as illegal and fined as per the rules.

(l) Gardening/Horticultural waste should also be stored separately at source. ULBs should fix a day or two in week and some place where generator should give their waste and from there it should be transported to disposal site.

(m) Dry leaves, plastic and other such waste should not be burnt in open, doing such activity will be treated as illegal and punishable, violator should be fined as per the rules.

(n) Stray animal should be restricted from roaming in and around the waste disposal site & secondary storage bins or any public place in the town.

(o) Every citizen, institutions, office buildings, commercial complexes has to ensure that there is no open discharge of grey water, black water or any other such polluted water in drain, open space or on road which can spread health issues, doing such activity will be treated as illegal and punishable as per the rules.

(p) No person should dispose dead animal or any such material in open space, road side, community park or any other place which can spread pollution and health issues, doing such activity will be treated as illegal and punishable as per the rules.

(q) Nagar Panchayat Chowari have to set up covered secondary storage facility for temporary storage of street sweepings and silt removed from surface drains in cases where direct collection of such waste into transportation vehicle is not convenient. Waste so collected shall be collected and disposed of at regular intervals as decided by the local body.

(r) Nagar Panchayat Chowari can develop bins free solid waste management facility but for this 100% waste collection from the door step of the generator should be ensured.

**7. Secondary Collection & Transportation of Municipal Solid Waste.**—(a) Each storage bins/secondary storage bins should be attended daily by the help of auto tipper, tractor, compactor etc.

(b) Closed vehicle should be used for the transportation of waste. To reduce the frequency of loading and unloading of waste compactor should be used.

(c) Nagar Panchayat Chowari will have to ensure safe storage and transportation of the domestic hazardous waste to the hazardous waste disposal facility.

(d) Transport segregated bio-degradable waste to the processing facilities like compost plant, bio-methanation plant or any such facility. Preference shall be given for onsite processing of such waste.

(e) Transport non-bio-degradable waste to the respective processing facility or material recovery facilities or secondary storage facility. Ensure transportation of construction and demolition waste as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016.

#### **CHAPTER-IV MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE PROCESSING & DISPOSAL**

**8. Waste Processing Plant.**—(a) Nagar Panchayat Chowari with the help of State Pollution Control Board approval needs to develop solid waste management/processing plant to make use of daily generated biodegradable waste so that it can reduce the quantity of waste being disposed at the sanitary land fill site.

(b) Nagar Panchayat Chowari have to collect waste from vegetable, fruit, flower, meat, poultry and fish market on day-to-day basis and promote setting up of decentralised compost plant or bio-methanation plant at suitable locations in the markets or in the vicinity of markets ensuring hygienic conditions.

(c) Involve communities in waste management and promotion of home composting, bio-gas generation, decentralised processing of waste at community level subject to control of odor and maintenance of hygienic conditions around the facility.

(d) For processing of Biodegradable Waste Nagar Panchayat have to establish waste processing plant such as composting plant–windrow compost plant, vermin composting plant, waste to energy or any other such technology by their own or with help of any other licensed company/firm/organization on Build–operate transfer (BOT)/Object Oriented (OO) method.

(e) For processing of mixed recyclable waste nagar panchayat have to establish recycling units such as incineration, RDF Plant or other such recycling Technology by their own or with help of any other licensed company/firm/organization on Build-Operate-Transfer (BOT)/Object Oriented (OO) method.

(f) Municipality may also send the non-biodegradable/dry waste as RDF to nearby cement factories for co-processing.

**9. Waste Disposal.**—(a) Nagar Panchayat Chowari have to stop land filling or dumping of mixed waste soon after the timeline for setting up and operationalisation of sanitary landfill is over.

(b) Nagar Panchayat Chowari have to allow only the non-usable, non-recyclable, non biodegradable, non-combustible and non-reactive inert waste and pre-processing rejects and residues from waste processing facilities to go to sanitary landfill.

(c) Sites shall meet the specifications as given in Schedule-I of Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016, however, every effort shall be made to recycle or reuse the rejects to achieve the desired objective of zero waste going to landfill.

(d) Nagar Panchayat Chowari have to investigate and analyses all old open dumpsites and existing operational dumpsites for their potential of bio mining and bio-remediation and where so ever feasible, take necessary actions to bio-mine or bio-remediate the sites.

(e) Nagar Panchayat Chowari have to ensure that in absence of the potential of bio-mining and bio- remediation of dumpsite, it shall be scientifically capped as per landfill capping norms to prevent further damage to the environment.

## CHAPTER-V-MONITORING BY WARD COMMITTEE

**Constitution of Ward Sanitation Committee.**—A Ward Sanitation Committee shall be constituted in each ward of the Municipal Council. The Ward Sanitation Committee shall have 11 to 15 members. The members of the WSC would comprise of ward member, sanitary inspector, tax collector or a designated officer by nagar panchayat for each ward, representatives of Residential Welfare Associations (RWAs) of the ward, representatives from slum sanitation committee, representatives of Community Based Organizations (SHGs, youth club etc), local leaders, senior citizens etc. The Ward Sanitation Committee shall oversee the sanitation activity in the ward.

## CHAPTER-VI-STAKEHOLDER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

### 10. Responsibilities of various stakeholders:—

**10.1 Responsibilities of Waste Generators.**—(a) No waste generator shall throw the waste generated by him on the street, open spaces, drain or water bodies.

(b) No person shall let the dirty water, mud, night soil, cow dung, urine, polluted water from their own house, organisation, commercial establishments to accumulate in their own compound nor let it flow on common streets in a way that the environment gets polluted by foul smell or poses a threat to public health.

(c) To wrap securely used sanitary waste as and when generated in a newspaper or suitable bio-degradable wrapping material and place the same in the domestic bin meant for non-biodegradable waste.

(d) All citizens shall have the responsibility to dispose of the recyclable waste generated in their complexes to the waste pickers authorised by the nagar panchayat or waste collector or containers of the nagar panchayat and not put it on the road under any circumstances.

(e) All waste generators shall pay user fees as specified in these bye-laws.

(f) No waste generator shall throw, burn or bury the solid waste generated by him on streets, open public spaces outside his premises or in the drain or water bodies,

(g) No dead animals or their remains to be thrown in any public places or any such place, which create any kind of pollution.

(h) If any person is found violating activities prohibited for doing, fine charges shall be collected from the offender by the Municipal Council.

**10.2 Responsibility of Ward Sanitation Committee.**—(a) The Ward Sanitation Committee shall oversee the sanitation and cleanliness activities in ward.

(b) The Ward Sanitation Committee shall act as a grievances redressal point on sanitation issues at ward level.

(c) The Ward Sanitation Committee shall have the power to impose fine on any offender and also have the power to waive of penalties.

(d) The Ward Sanitation Committee will promote home composting, bio-gas generation, decentralised processing of waste at community level subject to control of odour and maintenance of hygiene around the facility.

(e) The Ward Sanitation Committee will give warning to any offenders of these bye-laws. After two warning by the Ward Sanitation Committee or the Municipal Council, penalty shall be collected from the violator as per the provisions of these bye-laws.

**10.3 Responsibility of the Nagar panchayat chowari.**—(a) The Nagar Panchayat Chowari shall within its territorial area, be responsible for ensuring daily and throughout the year system of cleaning of all common roads, places, temporary settlements, slums, areas, markets, its own parks, gardens, tourist spots, cemeteries and shall be bound to collect the garbage from the nearest declared storage containers, and transport it every day to the final disposal point in closed vehicles for which the municipal authority may engage private parties on contract or Public Private Partnership mode, apart from its own permanent cleaning staff and vehicles.

(b) The Nagar Panchayat Chowari or the authorized agency engaged by the nagar panchayat shall provide and maintain suitable community bins on public roads or other public spaces.

(c) The Nagar Panchayat Chowari for the purpose of managing such sanitation activities in decentralised and regular manner shall designate one ward officer, in every ward to supervise the spots of containers, public toilets, community toilets or urinals in public places, transfer station for public garbage, landfill processing units etc. for final disposal of city's garbage.

(d) The designated ward officer by the nagar panchayat shall also be a member of the concerned Ward Sanitation Committee which shall act as the first point of grievance redressal on sanitation issues of the concern ward and meet complaints of citizens on issues of sanitation.

(e) The nagar panchayat shall facilitate construction, operation and maintenance of solid waste processing facilities and associated infrastructure on their own or through any agency for optimum utilization of various components of solid waste adopting suitable technology including the technologies and the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Urban Development from time to time and standards prescribed by the Central Pollution Control Board.

(f) The nagar panchayat shall create awareness through Information, Education and Communication (IEC) campaign and educate the waste generators on minimal generation of waste, not to litter, re-use the waste to the extent possible, practice segregation of wet bio-degradable waste, dry recyclable and combustible waste and domestic hazardous waste at source, wrap securely used sanitary waste as and when generated in a newspaper or suitable bio-degradable wrapping material and place the same in the domestic bin meant for non-biodegradable waste, storage of segregated waste at source and payment of monthly user fee.

(g) Chemical fertilizers shall be replaced by use of compost in all parks, gardens maintained by the nagar panchayat and any other places within two years of notification.

(h) Promote recycling initiatives by informal waste recycling sector.

(i) The nagar panchayat shall make efforts to streamline and formalize Solid Waste Management Systems and endeavour that the informal sector workers in waste management (rag pickers) are given priority to upgrade their work conditions and are enumerated and integrated into the formal system of Solid Waste Management in cities.

(j) Ensure that the operator of a facility provides personal protection equipment including uniform, fluorescent jacket, hand gloves, raincoats, appropriate foot wear and masks to all workers handling solid waste and the same are used by the workforce.

(k) Ensure occupational safety of the nagar panchayat own staffs and staffs of outsource agency involved in collection, transport and handling waste by providing appropriate and adequate personal protective equipments.

(l) In case of an accident at any solid waste processing or treatment or disposal facility or landfill site, the officer-in-charge of the facility shall report to the nagar panchayat immediately which shall review and issue instructions if any, to the in-charge of the facility.

## CHAPTER-VII-PROSECUTION & PENALTIES

**11. Prosecution.**—(i) Prosecution can be made on violation of above said rules under Municipal Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016, Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994 and Environmental Protection Act, 1986. Even the prosecution can be made on the official/ workers responsible for implementing so called services under the above said Bye-laws if they are not performing their task or delaying their responsibility to implement the services.

(ii) Whosoever contravenes the provision of above said Bye-laws shall be in addition to the penalties already mentioned under any act/rules/laws/bye-laws for time being in force would be liable for disconnection of water supply, electricity and other civic amenities and the Executive Officer/Secretaries of the ULB may request the competent authorities to withdraw any other services if granted in favour of Institution/Commercial Establishment/person committing the offence.

**12. Penalties.**—On the violation of above said municipal Bye-laws fixed penalties are as below :

Sl. No.	Offence	Nagar Panchayat
1.	Littering by people of residential colony	Rs. 500 per day
2.	Open dumping by shopkeepers	Rs. 1000 per day
3.	Littering/open dumping by restaurants Owners	Rs. 2000 per day
4.	Littering/open dumping by Hotel Owners	Rs. 2000 per day
5.	Littering/open dumping by industries	Rs. 5000 per day
6.	Street vendor like fast-food, chat, ice cream, juice corner etc.	Rs. 250 per day
7.	Open defecation/urination in public place	Rs. 500 per offence committed
8.	Disposal of dung in open space / public place	Rs. 2000 per day
9.	Disposal of construction & demolition waste in open space/road side/public place by resident	Rs. 2000 per day
10.	Littering of waste like dung, construction & demolition waste on road while transporting through private tractor/vehicle	Rs. 2000 per day
11.	Disposal of waste water from house in non-authorized place	Rs. 2000 per day
12.	Disposal in sewer in non-authorized place	Rs. 5000 per day
13.	Not keeping of closed dust bins in adequate number & quantity by owners mention from SI.No. 2-6	Rs. 5000 per day
14.	Spilling of oil, Dust, water & other material by road side Motar, Bike, Bicycle repair mechanics	Rs. 1000 per day
15.	Disposal of skin , feather, blood, flash, or any other material of animal (s) by shopkeeper	Rs. 2000 per day
16.	Littering by pet animals like dogs , cow, etc. on road side/open space/community place	Rs. 1000 per day
17.	Littering or disposal of waste in front of Marriage hall, community place, exhibition hall, mela ground	Rs. 5000 per day
18.	Encroachment of Road for by Dhabas or any other such shop and disposing of waste on road side, open space	Rs. 1000 per day
19.	Encroachment of road for by fruit, vegetable local vendor and disposing of waste on road side, open space	Rs. 250 per day
20.	Encroachment of Road hair cutting salon and disposing of waste on road side, open space	Rs. 250 per day
21.	Encroachment & disposal of construction & demolition waste in open space/ road side/public place by Business man, shopkeepers	Rs. 5000 per day
22.	Disposal of waste by Private Nursing home/ hospital, clinics Dispensaries on road side , open space	Rs. 5000 per day
23.	Non-Segregation of waste at source	
i.	Residents	Rs. 250 for first offence and Rs 500 for second & subsequent offences in a month

ii.	Shopkeepers	Rs. 500 for first offence and Rs. 1000 for second & subsequent offences in a month
iii.	Restaurants owners	Rs. 1000 for first offence and Rs. 2000 for second & subsequent offences in a month
iv.	Hotel Owners	Rs. 1500 for first offence and Rs. 2500 for second & subsequent offences in a month
v.	Industrial Establishment	Rs. 3000 for first offence and Rs. 5000 for second & subsequent offences in a month
vi.	Sweets, snacks, fast food. Ice-creams, sugar cane & other juice and vegetables vendor carts	Rs. 250 for first offence and Rs. 500 for second & subsequent offences in a month

**13. Repeal/Contradict.**—Once these bye-laws come into force any other rules, bye-laws, policy with regard to this matter adopted by any ULB will be considered as disaffirm.

Any work done or scheme implemented under any previous rules/bye-laws will not be impugning unless until it is just opposite or completely contrary to the action to be taken under the above said bye-laws.

Sd/-  
Secretary,  
Nagar Panchayat Chowari.

## URBAN DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

### NOTIFICATION

*Shimla-2, the 12th October, 2022*

**No. UD-A(3)-4/2022.**—The Governor, Himachal Pradesh, in exercise of the powers conferred under 2nd proviso to sub section 2 of section 5 of the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Corporation Act, 1994(Act No. 12 of 1994) is pleased to appoint Shri Aditya Negi, IAS (2013) presently posted as Deputy Commissioner, Shimla as Administrator in Municipal Corporation, Shimla, in addition to his present assignment till further orders or till a new body is duly constituted after completion of the election process, whichever is earlier.

By order,

DEVESH KUMAR  
Pr. Secretary (UD).

## शहरी विकास विभाग

## अधिसूचना

शिमला-02, 13 अक्टूबर, 2022

**संख्या: यू0डी0-ए0(1)-4/2020.**—हिमाचल प्रदेश के राज्यपाल, हिमाचल प्रदेश नगरपालिका अधिनियम, 1994 (1994 का राज्य अधिनियम संख्यांक 13) की धारा 4 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए प्रस्ताव करते हैं कि अनुसूची में नीचे विनिर्दिष्ट तहसील कुमारसैन, जिला शिमला के स्थानीय क्षेत्र नगरपालिका क्षेत्र होंगे जिससे उक्त क्षेत्र में बेहतर विकास और सुव्यवस्थित व्यवस्था हो और इन्हें जनसाधारण की सूचना के लिए राजपत्र (ई-गजट), हिमाचल प्रदेश में एतद्वारा प्रकाशित किया जाता है। यह भी निदेश देते हैं कि इस अधिसूचना की प्रति उपायुक्त, शिमला के कार्यालय में किसी सहजदृश्य स्थान पर और सम्बद्ध स्थानीय क्षेत्र के एक या एक से अधिक सहजदृश्य स्थानों पर चिपकाई (लगाई) जाएगी;

उक्त अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट क्षेत्र के निवासियों के नगरपालिका क्षेत्र की प्रस्तावित घोषणा की बाबत, आक्षेप, यदि कोई है/हैं, को प्रस्तुत करना/करने हेतु एतद्वारा आमंत्रित किया/किए जाते हैं/हैं और ऐसे आक्षेप, इस अधिसूचना के उपरोक्त यथावर्णित सहजदृश्य स्थानों पर चिपका कर, प्रकाशित किए जाने की तारीख से दो सप्ताह की अवधि के भीतर, लिखित में उपायुक्त, शिमला के माध्यम से प्रधान सचिव (शहरी विकास), हिमाचल प्रदेश सरकार को प्रस्तुत करना होगा/होंगे;

उपरोक्त नियत अवधि के भीतर प्राप्त हुए आक्षेप, यदि कोई है/हैं, पर राज्य सरकार द्वारा विचार किया जाएगा और उपरोक्त नियत अवधि के अवसान के पश्चात् कोई आक्षेप, जो भी हो/हों ग्रहण नहीं किया जाएगा/किए जाएंगे।

## अनुसूची

पटवार वृत्त का नाम	महाल का नाम	वाडों के नाम	पूर्णतः या भागतः	प्रस्तावित खसरा नं०	पंचायतों के नाम	रकबा वर्ग मीटर में
कुमारसैन	कुमारसैन	कुमारसैन-1	पूर्णतः	1 से 1130, बट्टा खसरा नं०-188=कुल 1278	कुमारसैन	57-48-95
		अगला बाजार-II				
		मटोग				
		दामरी				
	भराड़ा	भराड़ा	भागतः	1 से 5, 5/1, 6, 7, 22 से 32, 657/33, 658/33, 659/34, 660/34, 661/34, 662/35, 690/663/35, 687/663/35, 688/663/35, 689/663/35, 691/663/35, 36 से 38, 692/39, 693/39, 694/39, 694/39, 695/39, 696/39, 697/39, 698/39, 40 से 45, 154 से 163, 699/164, 700/164, 165 से 175	डिब	04-97-45
	बाई	बाई	भागतः	610 से 653, 653/1, 654 से 659, 659/1, 660 से 702, 702/1, 703, 703/1, 704 से 706, 843/707, 844/707, 708 से 714, 714/1, 715 से 739, 893/740, 894/740, 895/740, 896/740, 741 से 818, 818/1, 819 से 821	कुमारसैन	14-00-91

आदेश द्वारा,

देवेश कुमार,  
प्रधान सचिव(शहरी विकास)।



*[Authoritative English text of the Government Notification No. UD-A(1) 4/2020, dated 13-10-2022 as required under clause (3) of Article 348 of the Constitution of India].*

## URBAN DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

### NOTIFICATION

*Shimla-2, the 13th October, 2022*

**No. UD-A(1)-4/2020.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 4 of the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994 (State Act No. 13 of 1994), the Governor of Himachal Pradesh, proposes that the local areas of the Tehsil Kumarsain, District Shimla specified in the SCHEDULE below shall be a municipal area for the better development and improved arrangement in the said area and the same is hereby published in the Rajpatra (e-Gazette) Himachal Pradesh for the information of general public. It is further directed that the copy of this notification shall be affixed at some conspicuous place in the office of the Deputy Commissioner, Shimla and at one or more conspicuous places in the local areas concerned.

The inhabitants of the area specified in the said SCHEDULE are hereby called upon to submit their objection(s) in writing, if any, to the proposed declaration of municipal area and such objection(s) should be submitted to the Principal Secretary (Urban Development) to the Government of Himachal Pradesh through the Deputy Commissioner, Shimla within a period of two weeks from the date of publication by affixing this notification at conspicuous places, as discussed above.

The objection(s), if any, received within above stipulated period, shall be taken into consideration by the State Government and after the expiry of above stipulated period, no objection(s), whatsoever, shall be entertained.

### Schedule

Name of Patwar Circle	Name of Muhal	Name of wards	Complete or partial	Khasra Nos. proposed	Name Of Panchayat	Area in Sqm.
Kumarsain	Kumarsain	Kumarsain-I	C	1 to 1130, Bata Khasra No. 188= 1278	Kumarsain	57-48-95
		Agla Bazar-II				
		Mateog				
		Damari				
	Bharara	Bharara	P	1 to 5, 5/1, 6, 7, 22 to 32, 657/33, 658/33, 659/34, 660/34, 661/34, 662/35, 690/663/35, 687/663/35, 688/663/35, 689/663/35, 691/663/35, 36 to 38, 692/39, 693/39, 694/39, 694/39, 695/39, 696/39, 697/39, 698/39, 40 to 45, 154 to 163, 699/164, 700/164, 165 to 175	Deeb	04-97-45
	Bai	Bai	P	610 to 653, 653/1, 654 to 659, 659/1, 660 to 702, 702/1, 703, 703/1, 704 to	Kumarsain	14-00-91

				706, 843/707, 844/707, 708 to 714, 714/1, 715 to 739, 893/740, 894/740, 895/740, 896/740, 741 to 818, 818/1, 819 to 821		
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By order,

Sd/-  
(DEVESH KUMAR),  
Pr. Secretary (UD).

## URBAN DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

### NOTIFICATION

*Shimla-02, the 12th October, 2022*

**No. UD-B(1)-1/2021.**—The Governor, Himachal Pradesh is pleased to create 09 post(s) of Assistant Engineer in the pay scale of Rs. 15600-39100+5400 GP (pre revised) only in nine Municipal Council, Urban Development Department in lieu of which one post of different category will be abolished as per detail given in Annexure-A.

All the post(s) of Assistant Engineer in nine mentioned Municipal Councils will be filled up as per the provisions of Recruitment & Promotion Rules.

By order,

DEVESH KUMAR  
Principal Secretary (UD).

ANNEXURE-“A”

**Post of various categories to be abolished in lieu of creation of 09 post of Assistant Engineer in Municipal Councils.**

Sl. No.	Name of Municipal Councils	Number of Post of Assistant Engineer to be created in Municipal Councils	Name & Number of posts to be abolished in concerned Municipal Council in lieu of creation of 01 post of Assistant Engineer	
			Name of post(s)	No of post
1.	Municipal Council Rampur	1	Mason	1
2.	Municipal Council Rohru	1	Assistant Draughtsman	1
3.	Municipal Council Nahan	1	Forest Guard	1

4.	Municipal Council Baddi	1	Community Organizer	1
5.	Municipal Council Bilaspur	1	Mali	1
6.	Municipal Council Sundernagar	1	Mason	1
7.	Municipal Council Hamirpur	1	Mason	1
8.	Municipal Council Kangra	1	Mason	1
9.	Municipal Council Nurpur	1	Mason	1
	<b>Total</b>	<b>9</b>		<b>9</b>

## URBAN DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

### NOTIFICATION

*Shimla-02, the 13th October, 2022*

**No. LSG-B(2)-1/96.**—The Governor, Himachal Pradesh is pleased to create two posts of Sanitary Inspector in Municipal Corporation, Shimla in lieu of which one post each of Sanitary Inspector will be abolished in SADA, Kufri & Shogi, Town & Country Planning Department and the incumbents occupying these posts will be absorbed in MC, Shimla against these newly created posts and will be placed in the bottom of the seniority list of existing Sanitary Inspector in Municipal Corporation, Shimla.

DEVESH KUMAR  
*Principal Secretary (UD).*

## URBAN DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

### NOTIFICATION

*Shimla-02, the 12th October, 2022*

**No. UD-B(1)-1/2021.**—The Governor, Himachal Pradesh is pleased to create 29 post(s) of Accountant in the pay scale of Rs. 10300-34800+3800 GP (pre revised) in Municipal Council, Urban Development Department (one post in each Municipal Council) in lieu of which one post of different category will be abolished from each Municipal Council as per detail given in **Annexure-A**.

All the post(s) of Accountant in Municipal Council will be filled up on contract basis though direct recruitment, as per the provisions of Recruitment & Promotion Rules of the said category.

By order,

DEVESH KUMAR  
*Principal Secretary (UD).*

**Post of various categories to be abolished in lieu of creation of 29 post(s) of Accountant in Municipal Councils.**

Sl. No.	Name of Municipal Councils	Number of Post of Accountant to be created in Municipal Councils	Name & Number of posts to be abolished in concerned Municipal Council in lieu of creation of 01 post of Accountant	
			Name of post(s)	No of post
1.	Municipal Council Rampur	1	Mali	1
2.	Municipal Council Theog	1	Mali	1
3.	Municipal Council Rohru	1	Community Organizer	1
4.	Municipal Council Nahan	1	Mason	1
5.	Municipal Council Paonta Sahib	1	Fitter	1
6.	Municipal Council Parwanoo	1	Mason	1
7.	Municipal Council Nalagarh	1	AddaMuharrir	1
8.	Municipal Council Baddi	1	SafaiKaramchari	1
9.	Municipal Council Kullu	1	Tax Guard/ Toll Guard	1
10.	Municipal Council Manali	1	Toll Guard	1
11.	Municipal Council Sundernagar	1	Mason	1
12.	Municipal Council Nerchowk	1	SafaiKaramchari	1
13.	Municipal Council Jogindernagar	1	Beldar	1
14.	Municipal Council Bilaspur	1	Cattle Pound Attendant	1
15.	Municipal Council Sri. Naina Devi Ji	1	Cattle Pound Attendant	1
16.	Municipal Council Ghumarwin	1	Beldar	1
17.	Municipal Council Hamirpur	1	Beldar	1
18.	Municipal Council Sujanpur Tihra	1	Beldar	1
19.	Municipal Council Nurpur	1	Mason	1
20.	Municipal Council Kangra	1	Beldar	1
21.	Municipal Council Nagrota Bagwan	1	Toll Guard	1
22.	Municipal Council Jawalamukhi	1	Mason	1
23.	Municipal Council Dehra	1	Mason	1
24.	Municipal Council Una	1	Mason	1
25.	Municipal Council Santokhgarh	1	SafaiKaramchari	1
26.	Municipal Council Mehatpur	1	SafaiKaramchari	1
27.	Municipal Council Chamba	1	Mason	1
28.	Municipal Council Dalhousie	1	Library Attendant	1
29.	Municipal Council Sarkaghat	1	SafaiKaramchari	1
<b>Total</b>		<b>29</b>		<b>29</b>

## URBAN DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

## NOTIFICATION

*Shimla-02, the 13th October, 2022*

**No. UD-B(2)-1/2014-Part-II.**—The Governor, Himachal Pradesh is pleased to create 09 posts of Senior Executive Officer, in the pay scale of Rs. 56,100-1,77,500, level-18 of pay matrix i.e. 15,600-39,100+5400 GP in each of the Municipal Council mentioned in Annexure-A, Urban Development Department in lieu of which equal number of posts of Executive Officer will be abolished from each Municipal Council as per detail given in **Annexure-A**.

All the post(s) of Senior Executive Officer in Municipal Council will be filled-up 100% by way of promotion from amongst Executive Officers having at least 12 years of regular service in the grade as per the provision of Recruitment & Promotion Rules.

DEVESH KUMAR  
Principal Secretary (UD).

ANNEXURE-“A”

Sl. No.	Name of Municipal Council	No. of Post(s) of Senior Executive Officers to be created
1.	MC Baddi	1
2.	MC Nahan	1
3.	MC Sundernagar	1
4.	MC Una	1
5.	MC Kullu	1
6.	MC Hamirpur	1
7.	MC Bilaspur	1
8.	MC Kangra	1
9.	MC Rampur	1
Total		09

## निर्वाचन विभाग

## अधिसूचना

शिमला-171009, 1 नवम्बर, 2022

**संख्या: 3-28/99-ई.एल.एन.-3817.**—भारत निर्वाचन आयोग की अधिसूचना संख्या 576/एक्जिट/2022/एसडीआर/खण्ड-II, दिनांक 28 अक्टूबर, 2022 जो कि विधान सभा निर्वाचन 2022 में किसी भी प्रिंट या इलेक्ट्रॉनिक मीडिया में किसी भी मत सर्वेक्षण का परिणाम या अन्य किसी भी निर्गम मत सर्वेक्षण सहित निर्वाचन से संबंधित किसी भी सामग्री का प्रदर्शन करने पर 12 नवम्बर, 2022 (शनिवार) को प्रातः 8.00 बजे से सायं 5.30 बजे तक की अवधि के लिए रोक लगाने के बारे में है, को अंग्रेजी रूपान्तर सहित, जनसाधारण की सूचना हेतु प्रकाशित किया जाता है।

आदेश से,

मनीष गर्ग,  
मुख्य निर्वाचन अधिकारी।

**भारत निर्वाचन आयोग**  
**निर्वाचन सदन, अशोका रोड़, नई दिल्ली -110001**

अधिसूचना

दिनांक, 28 अक्टूबर, 2022

**संख्या 576/एक्जिट/2022/एसडीआर/खण्ड-II.**—यतः निर्वाचन आयोग द्वारा दिनांक 14 अक्टूबर, 2022 को प्रेस नोट संख्या ईसीआई/प्रे.नो./75/2022 के तहत घोषित हिमाचल प्रदेश के साधारण विधानसभा निर्वाचन क्षेत्र के लिए कार्यक्रम की घोषणा की गई थी; और

यतः, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व अधिनियम, 1951 (संक्षेप में लो.प्र.अधिनियम, 1951) की धारा 126क में यह निर्दिष्ट किया गया है कि "(1) कोई भी व्यक्ति कोई निर्गम मत सर्वेक्षण नहीं करेगा और किसी निर्गम मत सर्वेक्षण के परिणाम का, ऐसी अवधि के दौरान जो निर्वाचन आयोग द्वारा इस संबंध में अधिसूचित की जाए, प्रिंट या इलेक्ट्रॉनिक मीडिया के माध्यम से प्रकाशन या प्रचार या किसी भी प्रकार की अन्य रीति में प्रसार नहीं करेगा।

(2) निर्वाचन आयोग, उपधारा (1) के प्रयोजन के लिए, निम्नलिखित को ध्यान में रखते हुए साधारण आदेश द्वारा तारीख और समय अधिसूचित करेगा, अर्थात्:—

(क) साधारण निर्वाचन की दशा में, वह अवधि मतदान के पहले दिन को मतदान के लिए नियत समय के आरंभ होने से प्रारंभ हो सकेगी और सभी राज्यों और संघ राज्य क्षेत्रों में मतदान समाप्त होने के आधे घंटे तक जारी रह सकेगी;

(ख) किसी उप-निर्वाचन या एक साथ कराए जाने वाले अनेक उप-निर्वाचनों की दशा में वह अवधि मतदान के पहले दिन से ही मतदान के लिए नियत समय के आरंभ होने से प्रारंभ हो सकेगी और मतदान समाप्त होने के पश्चात् आधे घंटे तक जारी रह सकेगी:

परन्तु भिन्न-भिन्न दिनों पर एक साथ कराए जाने वाले अनेक उप-निर्वाचनों की दशा में, वह अवधि मतदान के पहले दिन को मतदान के लिए नियत समय के आरंभ होने से प्रारंभ हो सकेगी और अंतिम मतदान समाप्त होने के पश्चात् आधे घंटे तक जारी रह सकेगी।

(3) ऐसा कोई व्यक्ति, जो इस धारा के उपबंधों का उल्लंघन करेगा ऐसी अवधि के कारावास से, जो दो वर्ष तक की हो सकेगी या जुर्माने से या दोनों से, दंडनीय होगा।"

अब, इसलिए लोक प्रतिनिधित्व अधिनियम, 1951 की धारा 126क की उपधारा(1) के अधीन शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए निर्वाचन आयोग उक्त धारा की उप-धारा (2) के उपबंधों के दृष्टिगत, **12-11-2022 (शनिवार) को पूर्वाह्न 8.00 बजे से अपराह्न 5.30 बजे** के बीच की अवधि को, ऐसी अवधि के रूप में अधिसूचित करता है जिसके दौरान उपर उल्लिखित साधारण निर्वाचन के संदर्भ में किसी भी प्रकार के एग्जिट पोल का आयोजन करने तथा प्रिंट या इलेक्ट्रॉनिक मीडिया द्वारा इसके परिणाम के प्रकाशन या प्रचार अथवा किसी भी अन्य तरीके से उसका प्रचार-प्रसार करने पर प्रतिबंध होगा।

यह भी स्पष्ट किया जाता है कि लोक प्रतिनिधित्व अधिनियम, 1951 की धारा 126(1)(ख) के अधीन उपर्युक्त साधारण निर्वाचन में संबंधित मतदान क्षेत्रों में मतदान की समाप्ति के लिए नियत समय पर समाप्त होने वाले 48 घंटों के दौरान किसी भी इलेक्ट्रॉनिक मीडिया में किसी भी ओपीनियन पोल या किसी अन्य मतदान सर्वेक्षण के परिणामों सहित किसी भी प्रकार के निर्वाचन संबंधी मामले के प्रदर्शन पर प्रतिबंध होगा।

आदेश से,

एस.बी.जोशी,  
प्रधान सचिव।

**ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA**  
**Nirvachan Sadan, Ashoka Road, New Delhi-110001**

NOTIFICATION

*Dated: the 28th October, 2022*

**No. 576/EXIT/2022/SDR/Vol.-I.**—Whereas, the schedule for the current General Election to the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh announced by the Commission's Press Note No. ECI/PN/75/2022 dated 14th October, 2022.

And whereas, Section 126A of The Representation of the People Act, 1951 (in short R.P. Act, 1951) specifies that “(1) No person shall conduct any exit poll and publish or publicise by means of the print or electronic media or disseminate in any other manner, whatsoever, the result of any exit poll during such period, as may be notified by the Election Commission in this regard.

(2) For the purposes of sub-section (1), the Election Commission shall, by a general order, notify the date and time having due regard to the following, namely:—

- (a) in case of a general election, the period may commence from the beginning of the hours fixed for poll on the first day of poll and continue till half an hour after closing of the poll in all the States and Union territories;
- (b) In case of a bye-election or a number of bye-elections held together, the period may commence from the beginning of the hours fixed for poll on and from the first day of poll and continue till half an hour after closing of the poll:

*Provided that in case of a number of bye-elections held together on different days, the period may commence from the beginning of the hours fixed for poll on the first day of poll and continue till half an hour after closing of the last poll.*

(3) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this section shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years or with fine or with both.”

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers under sub-section (1) of Section 126A of the R.P. Act, 1951, the Election Commission, having regard to the provisions of sub-section (2) of the said Section, hereby notifies the period between **8.00 A.M.** and **5.30 P.M.** on **12-11-2022 (Saturday)**, as the period during which conducting any exit poll and publishing or publicizing by means of the print or electronic media or dissemination in any other manner whatsoever, the result of any exit poll in connection with the aforesaid General elections, shall be prohibited.

It is further clarified that under section 126(1)(b) of the R.P. Act, 1951, displaying any election matter including results of any opinion poll or any other poll survey, in any electronic media, would be prohibited during the period of 48 hours ending with the hours fixed for conclusion of poll for the aforesaid general elections.

By order,

S.B.JOSHI,  
PR. SECRETARY.

## निर्वाचन विभाग

अधिसूचना

शिमला-171009, 1 नवम्बर, 2022

**संख्या: 3-2/2021-ई.एल.एन.-3821.**—भारत निर्वाचन आयोग के निदेश संख्या 576/3/ईवीएम/2022/एसडीआर/खण्ड-1, दिनांक 28 अक्टूबर, 2022, जो कि विधान सभा निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों के साधारण-निर्वाचन-2022 में निर्धारित रीति से इलेक्ट्रॉनिक मतदान मशीनों के माध्यम से मत डालने, रिकार्ड करने और वीवीपैट प्रयोग करने के बारे में है, को अंग्रेजी रूपान्तर सहित, जनसाधारण की सूचना हेतु प्रकाशित किया जाता है।

आदेश से,

मनीष गर्ग,  
मुख्य निर्वाचन अधिकारी,  
हिमाचल प्रदेश।

भारत निर्वाचन आयोग  
निर्वाचन सदन, अशोक रोड़, नई दिल्ली -110001

निदेश

दिनांक, 28 अक्टूबर, 2022

सं. 576/3/ईवीएम/2022/एसडीआर/खण्ड-1.—यतः, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व अधिनियम, 1951 की धारा 61क में यह प्रावधान किया गया है कि वोटिंग मशीनों द्वारा मतदान और मतों का अभिलेखन ऐसी रीति, जैसी कि निर्धारित की जाए, से ऐसे निर्वाचन क्षेत्र या निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों में अपनाया जाए जैसा कि भारत निर्वाचन आयोग, प्रत्येक मामले की परिस्थितियों को ध्यान में रखते हुए विनिर्दिष्ट करे; और

2. यतः, निर्वाचनों का संचालन नियम, 1961 के नियम 49क के परन्तुक के अनुसार, भारत निर्वाचन आयोग द्वारा यथाअनुमोदित डिजाइन वाले ड्राप बॉक्स सहित एक प्रिंटर, ऐसे निर्वाचन क्षेत्र या निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों या उसके भागों में मतों के पेपर ट्रेल के मुद्रण के लिए मतदान मशीन के साथ भी जोड़ा जाए जैसा कि भारत निर्वाचन आयोग द्वारा निदेश दिया जाए; और

3. यतः, आयोग ने निर्वाचन आयोग के दिनांक 14 अक्टूबर, 2022 के प्रेस नोट संख्या: ईसीआई/प्रे. नो./75/2022 के तहत घोषित हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा के साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए सभी निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों की परिस्थितियों पर विचार किया है, और आयोग संतुष्ट है कि हिमाचल प्रदेश के सभी विधान सभा निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों में मतदान करवाने के लिए पर्याप्त संख्या में इलेक्ट्रॉनिक वोटिंग मशीनें तथा पेपर ट्रेल [वोटर वेरिफायबल पेपर आडिट ट्रेल (वीवीपैट)] मुद्रित करने के लिए प्रिंटर उपलब्ध हैं, मतदान कार्मिक, इलेक्ट्रॉनिक वोटिंग मशीनों तथा वीवीपैट प्रिंटर के दक्षतापूर्ण संचालन करने के लिए पूर्ण प्रशिक्षित हैं तथा निर्वाचक भी इलेक्ट्रॉनिक वोटिंग मशीनों (ई वी एम) एवं वीवीपैट प्रिंटरों की कार्यप्रणाली से पूर्णतया परिचित हैं।

4. अतः, अब भारत निर्वाचन आयोग, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व अधिनियम, 1951 की उक्त धारा 61क तथा निर्वाचनों का संचालन नियम, 1961 के नियम 49क के अंतर्गत अपनी शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए



एतद्वारा हिमाचल प्रदेश के विधान सभा के साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए दिनांक 17-10-2022 अधिसूचित की गई हिमाचल प्रदेश के सभी विधान सभा निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों को ऐसे निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों के रूप में विनिर्दिष्ट करता है, जहां निर्वाचनों का संचालन नियम, 1961 के अधीन तथा इस विषय में आयोग द्वारा समय-समय पर जारी किए गए अनुपूरक अनुदेशों के अन्तर्गत विहित तरीके से इलेक्ट्रॉनिक वोटिंग मशीनों तथा वीवीपैट प्रिंटर के माध्यम से मत डाले और रिकॉर्ड किए जाएंगे।

5. निर्वाचन आयोग, भारत इलेक्ट्रॉनिक्स लिमिटेड, बंगलौर तथा इलेक्ट्रॉनिक्स कार्पोरेशन ऑफ इण्डिया लिमिटेड, हैदराबाद द्वारा यथा-विकसित इलेक्ट्रॉनिक वोटिंग मशीनों और वीवीपैट प्रिंटर्स, जिन्हें सभी निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों में मत डालने और रिकॉर्ड करने के लिए उपर्युक्त मशीनों से जोड़ा जाएगा, के डिजाइन को भी एतद्वारा अनुमोदित करता है।

आदेश से,

एस.बी.जोशी,  
प्रधान सचिव।

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**ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA**  
**Nirvachan Sadan, Ashoka Road, New Delhi-110001**

DIRECTION

*Dated, the 28th October, 2022*

**No. 576/3/EVM/2022/SDR-Vol.I.**—Whereas, Section 61A of the Representation of the People Act, 1951, provides that the giving and recording of votes by Voting Machines in such manner as may be prescribed, may be adopted in such constituency or constituencies as the Election Commission of India may, having regard to the circumstances of each case, specify; and

2. Whereas, as per the proviso to Rule 49A of the Conduct of Elections Rules, 1961, a Printer with a drop box of such design, as may be approved by the Election Commission of India, may also be attached to voting machine for printing a paper trail of the vote, in such constituency or constituencies or parts thereof as the Election Commission of India may direct; and

3. Whereas, the Election Commission has considered the circumstances in all the Constituencies for the **General Election to the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh announced vide the Election Commission's Press Note No. ECI/PN/75/2022, dated 14th October, 2022**, and is satisfied that sufficient number of Electronic Voting Machines (EVMs) and Printers for printing Paper Trail [Voter Verifiable Paper Audit Trail (VVPAT)] are available for taking the poll in all the Assembly Constituency of Himachal Pradesh, the polling personnel are well trained in efficient handling of EVMs and 'VVPAT Printers' and the electors are also fully conversant with the operation of the EVMs and the VVPAT Printers;

4. Now, therefore, the Election Commission of India, in exercise of its powers under the said Section 61A of the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and Rule 49A of the Conduct of Elections Rules, 1961, hereby **specifies all the Assembly Constituencies of Himachal Pradesh notified on 17-10-2022** as the constituencies in which the votes, shall be given and recorded by means of EVMs and VVPAT printers in the manner prescribed, under the Conduct of Elections Rules, 1961, and the supplementary instructions issued by the Election Commission from time to time on the subject.

5. The Election Commission also hereby approves the design of the EVMs and VVPAT Printers as developed by the Bharat Electronics Ltd., Bangalore and Electronics Corporation of India Ltd., Hyderabad, which shall be attached to the said machines, to be used for the giving and recording of votes in all the Constituencies.

By order,

S. B. JOSHI,  
*Pr. Secretary.*

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**In the Court of Marriage Officer-cum-Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Sadar,  
District Bilaspur (H.P.)**

In the matter of :

1. Sh. Kamal Dev s/o Sh. Tulsi Ram, r/o Village Chebhara (Dusra Khabu), P.O. Thina Galu, Tehsil Ner Chowk, District Mandi (H.P.) presently residing in the house of S.L. Negi H. No. 73/1, Koserian Bilaspur Town, Tehsil Sadar, District Bilaspur (H.P.)

2. Smt. Anjana d/o Sh. Lal Chand, r/o Village Ltehar, P.O. Thill, Tehsil Khundian, District Kangra (H.P.) presently residing in the house of S.L. Negi H. No. 73/1, Koserian Bilaspur Town, Tehsil Sadar, District Bilaspur (H.P.).

*Versus*

General Public

*Subject.*—Notice for Registration of Marriage under Special Marriage Act.

Sh. Kamal Dev & Smt. Anjana have filed an application under Special Marriage Act, 1954 (Central Act 43 of 1954) alongwith affidavits in the court of undersigned in which they have stated that they have solemnized their marriage on 19-08-2017 at Shri Santoshi Mata Mandir Ladraur, Tehsil Ghumarwin, District Bilaspur (H.P.). Therefore, the general public is hereby informed through this notice that any person who has any objection regarding this marriage, can file the objection personally or in writing before this court on or before 03-11-2022. The objections if any, received after 03-11-2022 will not be entertained and marriage will be registered accordingly.

Issued today 03-10-2022 under my hand and seal of the court.

Seal.

Sd/-  
*Marriage Officer-cum-Sub-Divisional Magistrate,  
Sadar, District Bilaspur (H.P.).*

**In the Court of Sh. Manish Kumar Soni, HAS, Marriage Officer-cum-Sub-Divisional  
Magistrate, Hamirpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.)**

In the matter of :

1. Sh. Sahil Sandhyal s/o Sh. Rakesh Kumar, r/o Village & P. O. Batran, Tehsil Nadaun, District Hamirpur (H.P.).

2. Ms. Sunita Devi d/o Sh. Sukh Ram, r/o Village & P.O. Putriyal, Tehsil Nadaun, District Hamirpur (H.P.)

*Versus*

General Public

Subject.— Notice of Intended Marriage

Sh. Sahil Sandhyal & Ms. Sunita Devi have filed an application u/s 5 of Special Marriage Act, 1954 alongwith affidavits and supporting documents in the court of undersigned in which they have stated that they intend to solemnize their marriage within next three calendar months.

Therefore, the General Public is hereby informed through this notice that if any person having any objection regarding this marriage, may file his/her objections personally or in writing before this court on or before 02-11-2022. In case no objection is received by 02-11-2022, it will be presumed that there is no objection to the registration of the above said marriage and the same will be registered accordingly.

Issued under my hand and seal of the court on 26-09-2022.

Seal.

Sd/-

*Marriage Officer-cum-SDM,  
Sub-Division, Hamirpur (H.P.).*

**In the Court of Sh. Manish Kumar Soni, HPAS, Marriage Officer-cum-Sub-Divisional  
Magistrate, Hamirpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.)**

In the matter of :

1. Sh. Jalaj Dev s/o Sh. Kamal Dev, r/o Village Gopal Nagar, Post Office Daruhi, Tehsil & District Hamirpur (H.P.) presently residing at C-42, 3rd Floor, West Patel Nagar, New Delhi.

2. Smt. Kajal Chadha d/o Late Sh. Ajay Chadha, r/o Ward No. 05, House No. 55, Tehsil & District Hamirpur (H.P.)  
*Applicants.*

*Versus*

General Public

Subject.— Notice for Registration of Marriage.

Sh. Jalaj Dev and Smt. Kajal Chadha have filed an application U/S 15 & 16 of Special Marriage Act, 1954 alongwith affidavits and supporting documents in this court stating therein that

they have solemnized their marriage on 25-06-2019 as per the Hindu ritual. The notice had been issued to the General Public on dated 02-12-2021, but applicants could not make their presence before this court within three months. The applicants have again filed an application before this court for registration of their marriage accordingly.

Therefore, the general public is hereby informed through this notice that if any person having any objection regarding this marriage can file his/her objections personally or in writing before this court on or before 04-11-2022. In case no objection is received by 04-11-2022, it will be presumed that there is no objection to the registration of the above said marriage and the same will be registered accordingly.

Issued under my hand and seal of the court on 03-10-2022.

Seal.

Sd/-  
Marriage Officer-cum-SDM,  
Sub-Division, Hamirpur (H.P.).

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**In the Court of Sh. Shashi Pal Sharma, Sub-Divisional Magistrate Barsar, District Hamirpur (H.P.) Exercising the Powers of Marriage Officer under Special Marriage Act, 1954**

In the matter of :

1. Mr. Vinod Kumar age 47 years s/o Sh. Kishan Chand, r/o Village Thana, P.O. Bani, Tehsil Barsar, District Hamirpur (H.P.).
2. Ms. Suresh Devi age 46 years d/o Sh. Tek Chand, r/o Village & P.O. Rajnagar, Tehsil Chamba, Distt. Chamba (H.P.) .. Applicants.

*Versus*

General Public

Subject.— Notice of Marriage.

Mr. Vinod Kumar and Ms. Suresh Devi have filed an application u/s 15 of the Special Marriage Act, 1954 alongwith affidavits and supporting documents in the court of undersigned, in which they have stated that they solemnized their marriage on dated 27-09-2022 as per Hindu rites and customs at Kalka Mata Mandir, Tikker Rajputan, Tehsil Barsar, District Hamirpur (H.P.)

Therefore, the general public is hereby informed through this notice that if any person having any objection regarding this marriage, may file his/her objections personally or in writing before this court on or before 11-11-2022. In case no objection is received by 11-11-2022, it will be presumed that there is no objection to the registration of the above said marriage and the same will be registered accordingly.

Issued under my hand and seal of the court on 11-10-2022.

Seal.

Sd/-  
Marriage Officer-cum-SDM,  
Sub-Division, Barsar, District Hamirpur (H.P.).

**In the Court of Sh. Shashi Pal Sharma, Sub-Divisional Magistrate Barsar, District Hamirpur (H.P.) Exercising the Powers of Marriage Officer under Special Marriage Act, 1954**

In the matter of :

1. Mr. Joginder Pal Sharma age 59 years s/o Sh. Anant Ram, r/o Village Bandos, P.O. Gahli, Tehsil Nadaun, District Hamirpur (H.P.).

2. Ms. Urmila Devi age 39 years d/o Sh. Chain Ram, r/o Village Dansa, Tehsil Rampur, Distt. Shimla (H.P.) .. Applicants.

*Versus*

General Public

Subject.— Notice of Marriage.

Mr. Joginder Pal Sharma and Ms. Urmila Devi have filed an application u/s 15 of the Special Marriage Act, 1954 alongwith affidavits and supporting documents in the court of undersigned, in which they have stated that they solemnized their marriage on dated 20-09-2022 as per Hindu rites and customs at Kalka Mata Mandir, Tikker Rajputan, Tehsil Barsar, District Hamirpur (H.P.)

Therefore, the general public is hereby informed through this notice that if any person having any objection regarding this marriage, may file his/her objections personally or in writing before this court on or before 05-11-2022. In case no objection is received by 05-11-2022, it will be presumed that there is no objection to the registration of the above said marriage and the same will be registered accordingly.

Issued under my hand and seal of the court on 04-10-2022.

Seal.

Sd/-

*Marriage Officer-cum-SDM,  
Sub-Division, Barsar, District Hamirpur (H.P.).*

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**In the Court of Sh. Vijay Kumar, H.P.A.S., Sub-Divisional Magistrate-cum-Special Marriage Officer Nadaun, District Hamirpur (H.P.)**

1. Ankush Rana s/o Sh. Ved Prakash, r/o Village Harmandir Mandiyala, P. O. Jalari, Tehsil Nadaun, District Hamirpur (H.P.).

2. Pooja Devi d/o Sh. Suresh Kumar, r/o Village Himmar, P.O. Kotlu, Tehsil Ghumarwin, District Bilaspur (H.P.) .. Applicants.

*Versus*

General Public

Subject.— Proclamation for the registration of marriage under sections 15 & 16 of Special Marriage Act, 1954.

Ankush Rana s/o Sh. Ved Prakash, r/o Village Harmandir Mandiyala, P. O. Jalari, Tehsil Nadaun, District Hamirpur (H.P.) and Pooja Devi d/o Sh. Suresh Kumar, r/o Village Himmar, P.O. Kotlu, Tehsil Ghumarwin, District Bilaspur (H.P.) have filed an application alongwith affidavits in the court of undersigned under sections 15 & 16 of Special Marriage Act, 1954 that they have solemnized their marriage on 26-09-2022 at Shiv Mahadev Mandir at Village Purtiyal, P.O. Kohala, Tehsil Jawalamukhi, District Kangra (H.P.) and they are living as husband and wife since then, hence their marriage may be registered under Special Marriage Act, 1954.

Therefore, the General Public is hereby informed through this notice that if any person having any objections regarding this can file the objections personally or in writing before this court on or before 05-11-2022 at 5.00 P.M. After that no objections will be entertained and the marriage will be registered accordingly.

Issued on 03-10-2022 under my hand and seal of the court.

Seal.

VIJAY KUMAR, H.P.A.S.,  
Sub-Divisional Magistrate,  
Nadaun, District Hamirpur (H.P.).

**In the Court of Sh.Vijay Kumar, H.P.A.S., Sub-Divisional Magistrate-cum-Special Marriage Officer Nadaun, District Hamirpur (H.P.)**

1. Sunny Sharma s/o Sh. Amar Chand, r/o Village Dadhoon, P. O. Pansai, Tehsil Nadaun, District Hamirpur (H.P.)

2. Sudha Devi d/o Sh. Santosh Sharma, r/o V.P.O. Bir Bagehra, Tehsil Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.)

Applicants.

*Versus*

General Public

Subject.— Proclamation for the registration of marriage under sections 15 & 16 of Special Marriage Act, 1954.

Sunny Sharma s/o Sh. Amar Chand, r/o Village Dadhoon, P. O. Pansai, Tehsil Nadaun, District Hamirpur (H.P.) and Sudha Devi d/o Sh. Santosh Sharma, r/o V.P.O. Bir Bagehra, Tehsil Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.) have filed an application alongwith affidavits in the court of undersigned under sections 15 & 16 of Special Marriage Act, 1954 that they have solemnized their marriage on 26-09-2022 at Shiv Mahadev Mandir at Village Purtiyal, P.O. Kohala, Tehsil Jawalamukhi, District Kangra (H.P.) and they are living as husband and wife since then, hence their marriage may be registered under Special Marriage Act, 1954.

Therefore, the General Public is hereby informed through this notice that if any person having any objections regarding this can file the objections personally or in writing before this

court on or before 18-11-2022 at 5.00 P.M. After that no objection will be entertained and the marriage will be registered accordingly.

Issued on 07-10-2022 under my hand and seal of the court.

Seal.

VIJAY KUMAR, H.P.A.S.,  
Sub-Divisional Magistrate,  
Nadaun, District Hamirpur (H.P.).

**Before the Court of Executive Magistrate-cum-Naib Tehsildar, Sujanpur,  
Distt. Hamirpur (H. P.)**

1. Smt. Salochana Devi d/o Sh. Banshi Ram w/o Sh. Sangara Ram, r/o Village Puar, P.O. Bir Bagehra, Tehsil Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.) . . Applicants.

*Versus*

General Public

. . Respondent.

*Subject.*— Regarding registration of Birth under section 13(3) of Birth & Death Act, 1969 prior to 01-04-1970.

Smt. Salochana Devi d/o Sh. Banshi Ram w/o Sh. Sangara Ram, r/o Village Puar, P.O. Bir Bagehra, Tehsil Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.) has moved an application before the undersigned under section 13(3) of Birth & Death Act, 1969 alongwith affidavits and other documents stating therein that she has born on 01-12-1952 at Village Puar, P.O. Bir Bagehra, Tehsil Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.) but her name and date of birth could not be entered in the record of Gram Panchayat Bir Bagehra, Tehsil Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.)

Therefore, by this proclamation, the general public is hereby inform that any person having any objection for the registration of delayed name & date of Birth of Smt. Salochna Devi d/o Sh. Banshi Ram w/o Sh. Sangara Ram, r/o Village Puar, P.O. Bir bagehra, Tehsil Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.) may submit their objections in writing in this court on or before 03-11-2022 failling which no objection will be entertained after expiry of date.

Given under my hand and seal of the court on this 03-10-2022.

Seal.

Sd/-  
Executive Magistrate-cum-Naib Tehsildar,  
Sujanpur, District Hamirpur (H.P.).

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**CHANGE OF NAME**

I, Surinder Chand s/o Sh. Balwant Singh, r/o V.P.O. Mahalpatt, Tehsil Baijnath, District Kangra (H.P.) In HDFC Bank records my name wrongly entered as Surendar Kumar. But my actual name is Surinder Chand in all documents. All note it.

SURINDER CHAND,  
*s/o Sh. Balwant Singh,*  
*r/o V.P.O. Mahalpatt,*  
*Tehsil Baijnath, District Kangra (H.P.).*